

DAY OF PRAYER NOT WHOLLY PEACEFUL

Disensions Arise Out of Five-Power Loan to Republic of China.

IT IS CONSIDERED ILLEGAL

Senate and House Send Delegation to Bank to Explain Their Views.

Peking, China, April 27.—China's day of prayer did not prove entirely peaceful, due to disension over the five-power loan. The loan, which is for \$125,000,000, was signed just before daybreak, the Chinese and foreign signatories having assembled late last night to conclude the details.

A delegation from the Senate and House of Representatives gathered outside the British bank, where the representatives of the government and the five-power group met. The vice-president of the Senate acted as spokesman for the delegation, and when an opportunity was given him to confer with the signatories, he explained that the majority in the Parliament considered the loan illegal.

Since the day of prayer, the question of a loan has been discussed in various forms, and it threatens now to bring about another revolution similar to that caused by the Hu Han-ling. The situation is about as follows:

The five-power bankers and the Chinese government have arranged the loan practically for Yuan Shi Kai's cabinet, which Yuan Shi Kai completely dominated. The cabinet contends that the government has a right to conclude such a contract because the permanent assembly has not yet been constituted, and, therefore, approval of the six-power loan by the permanent assembly holds good. In addition to the withdrawal of the United States from the combination, however, other alterations have been made in the contract, since the assembly approved it.

The Kwo Ming Tang party, which is the dominating political party, may remove Yuan Shi Kai by parliamentary means or force, but neither is possible while the present controls the army at Peking. The adherents of the Kwo Ming Tang party do not desire to withdraw to Nanjing for the purpose of establishing a parliament there, because such action could result in disruption between the North and the South.

The deadlock at present is complete. Members of the Kwo Ming Tang express the fear that some of the powers represented by the loan—Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia and Japan—now that the loan is concluded with Yuan Shi Kai, may strengthen his hands by recognizing him as the legitimate ruler of China. In this connection, an interesting question arises as to whether the United States will anticipate these powers, in spite of the fact that the House of Representatives has again failed to elect a speaker. It is probable that the Southern party will seek to cancel the loan as a test of their strength against Yuan Shi Kai.

Prayers For China.

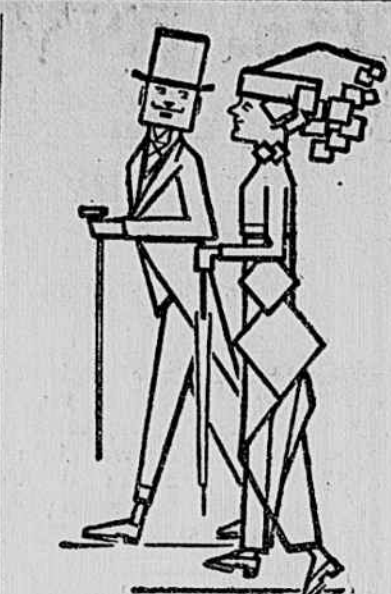
New York, April 27.—Churches in this city and throughout the country joined to-day the Christian churches of China in praying for that nation as requested by the present Chinese authorities. The response here was in connection with a world-wide movement to heed the appeal from the new republic, said to be the first that ever came to Christian forces from a non-Christian land.

Points specified by China as being subjects for petitions were the Chinese people, the President to be chosen, the Constitution and its making, and clean men wisely selected for members of Congress. The response here was in connection with a world-wide movement to heed the appeal from the new republic, said to be the first that ever came to Christian forces from a non-Christian land.

To Represent Navy League.

Washington, April 27.—Although the Navy League has not been invited to the American Peace Congress in St. Louis this week, and although its officers asked for a place on the program and were ignored, a committee has been appointed to attend the Peace Congress, nevertheless, and find out if it will be received.

Herbert L. Satterlee, of New York; Louis A. Osborn, of Scranton, Pa.; Carter Harris Fitzhugh, of Chicago; William S. Eddy, of Philadelphia; A. H. Madison, of Washington; and Kinball, of St. Louis, have been appointed to the committee. Officers of the Navy League, making announcement of their action, declared the Navy League was the greatest peace society in the country and was an advocate of peace and arbitration, but also of preparedness.



The Cubists, Futurist and Post-impressionist as well as people with well-balanced minds will be interested in the novel weaves and original color combinations of our suits for young men and men who are still young.

Prices, \$15 to \$40.

ASKS BIG DAMAGES FOR FALSE ARREST

Man Who Engages in Mild Flirtation Gets in Trouble and Now Wants \$100,000.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] New York, April 27.—Because some day Lothario who said that his name was Samuel Kalish made love to and finally swindled Lydia Anna McCarty, of San Francisco, out of \$800, Samuel Kalish, who formerly lived in San Francisco, Chicago, and later in New York, has entered suit for \$100,000 against the city of San Francisco on the charge of false arrest.

Samuel Kalish's brother Julius conducts a barber shop in West Fifth Street, and his brother Arthur is a clothing merchant in Chicago. He was out in San Francisco, attending strictly to the ladies' coats and suits business until last summer, when he joined Arthur and Julius in Chicago.

While Samuel was in Chicago, there came a letter addressed to him in care of Arthur, and naturally he read it. It was a passionate epistle from one "Anna," who spoke glowingly about an ideal love affair that existed between her and "Samuel" until that little affair of the \$800 came to pass. However, womanlike, she decided to forgive him. And, inasmuch as she still loved him, she wanted him back, whether he had the \$800 or not.

Samuel was mystified. He knew no Anna, and had never reached that stage where he could toy with such amounts as \$800. But, with Samuel was not averse to a mild flirtation. He got his erudite brother Julius to write a missive to Anna.

Meanwhile Julius had prepared to come to New York and Samuel was to come with him. This they told the mysterious Anna. The result was that, after an interchange of a dozen of letters, a detective appeared with a San Francisco warrant, and Samuel was arrested on the charge of stealing Anna's \$800 and her heart. This happened in January.

Extension papers were signed, and Samuel was taken back to San Francisco. He was arraigned in court, and Lydia Anna McCarty was fetched to identify the recreant "Samuel."

Miss McCarty declared that the prisoner was not the right man. Moreover, Kalish, having lingered in jail for more than a month, was wrought, and began to figure just how much damage to his business, his reputation and his dignity the long trip across the continent and the incarceration had done. His brothers hired a lawyer, who advised them to have Samuel institute proceedings against the city of San Francisco. Accordingly, the injured man did so.

He is still out on the Pacific Coast awaiting the calling of his case.

STRIKE-BREAKERS DRIVEN FROM CITY

[Continued From First Page.] That nothing short of the increase in wages demanded from 21 to 25 cents an hour will be considered. The street car authorities announced to-night that no attempt would be made to operate cars to-morrow, and it is reported on the streets that a car load of strike-breakers now on the way to this city had been ordered to return to Philadelphia.

Members of W. C. T. U. Appoint Couriers of Secret Army.

Ogden, Utah, April 27.—Ernest Dyer, a negro under arrest here, in a confession to the police, alleges he shot and killed Private Lightfoot, of the United States Army in the Brownsville, Tex., riot in 1906, and that he killed a police officer in Winston-Salem, N. C. in 1911. The negro was arrested here when, after he walked into the police station, he attempted to drink poison. The statement of the prisoner was not clear. He insisted, however, that several persons, one named Green, were being held for the murder of Lightfoot at Brownsville. The War Department and authorities of North Carolina have been notified.

FRIENDS COME TO AID OF DANIELS

Will Raise Money to Rebuild His Burned News and Observer Printing Plant.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Raleigh, N. C., April 27.—Secretary of the Navy Joseph Daniels left to-night for Washington, having made arrangements for immediately rebuilding his News and Observer plant, which was destroyed by fire, with a loss of \$100,000, a few days ago. The secretary finds the destruction greater and insurance smaller than first reports indicated, but this morning a movement began by which several hundred of his friends are raising money for construction work. Each will take \$100 in stock, upon which a subscription to the paper will be the annual dividend. The stipulation is that Mr. Daniels must hold the stock. He will hold the majority.

Mr. Daniels came into possession of the paper on the same plan, and recently bought every share, barring one that a political enemy refused to sell. When buying back the stock, he gave each former subscriber the paper free for ten years.

The secretary intends to bring action against the local water company for having an inadequate supply of water at the time of the fire.

SECRET HEARINGS ARE UNDER DEBATE

Demand Is Made That Public Attend Investigation of Heeter.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Pittsburgh, Pa., April 27.—The committee of six citizens appointed by the school board to investigate the morals of Superintendent Heeter finds itself divided in opinion as to secret sessions. The school superintendent will attend all sessions and face accusations of improper conduct, not only with Ethel Fisher, the nurse in his home, who hated him into court, but with another employee of his household as well. He will also be accused of an attempted attack on a former stenographer of his.

An insistent demand for public hearings has come from many sources, but some members of the committee feel that public welfare demands secrecy in all the sessions. It is said that some members will refuse to serve unless the names of certain witnesses can be concealed. When the committee holds its first meeting Monday afternoon the question of public or secret hearings will be the first matter taken up, with a view to determining whether the body is capable of working in harmony.

HE IS GOING BACK TO BLOND ESKIMO

Steffanson Prepares for Four Years' Stay in Far North.

New York, April 27.—Vilhjalmur Steffanson, the Arctic explorer, landed in New York to-day from the steamer St. Paul to perfect plans for his four years' exploration of the Far North under the auspices of the Canadian government. The steamer reached quarantine last night and docked this afternoon.

On his last trip to the Northland, Steffanson discovered the blond Eskimo, and to-day explained that one of the objects of the expedition would be further study of these people.

"We wonder what they are," he said in speaking of this new race. "It cannot be that they are mixed with what they may be related to the Greenland Eskimo."

In the Steffanson party that will sail in a 247-ton steam whaler for the North Pacific and Arctic Straits will be twelve scientists, including James Murray, the biologist, and Dr. Forbes McKay, a surgeon, who were members of the last Shackleton expedition; Dr. E. J. Hansen, the zoologist; Henry Beach, a French anthropologist; and Dr. Edward Jaess, an Australian anthropologist. Dr. R. M. Anderson, of the American Museum of Natural History, will be second in command. In addition to the scientists, there will be a crew of fifteen under Captain C. Pedersen.

Much time will be spent in a study of the direction and speed of ocean currents and of wind. The explorers expect to send the ship back to the land of the blond Eskimos every winter and take to sledges in exploration work. The course will be due north from Herschel Island, at the mouth of the Mackenzie River, to a new land has been gained and a base established, the ship will leave the explorers there if passage through the ice is not too difficult.

APPROVES HIS COURSE

Members of W. C. T. U. Appoint Couriers of Secret Army.

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LUTHERAN SYNOD MEETS NEXT WEEK

Sessions Will Be Held in St. John's Church, Cabarrus County.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Charlotte, N. C., April 27.—Tuesday evening, May 6, in St. John's Church, in Cabarrus county, N. C., the one hundred and twenty-third convention of the Evangelical Lutheran Synod of North Carolina will convene. The exercises of that evening will consist of the synodical sermon, which the president of the synod will preach, and after the sermon the Holy Communion will be administered to the members of synod. The business sessions will begin on Wednesday and synod will not adjourn before Friday evening. This will be the ninth time that synod will hold its annual meeting in this church, which is one of the strongest Lutheran churches in North Carolina. Another church in connection with this synod is that from which only thirty-four more candidates for the ministry have been received into the synod than from any other church in North Carolina. In St. John's Church, Cabarrus county, three young men who are members of that church will be candidates for ordination as ministers at this time, and they expressed the desire to synod to be ordained in their home church.

The Lutheran Synod of North Carolina was organized in 1862, but prior to that time, in 1774, three Lutheran churches had been organized in the State—St. John's Church, Salisbury; St. John's Church, in Cabarrus county; and Organ Church, in Rowan county—these three being the oldest churches of the Lutheran denomination in North Carolina. The synod was organized in St. John's Church, Salisbury. Each of the three churches mentioned above as the oldest churches of the synod had ten to twenty pastors during their history as organized churches.

There are fifty-nine clerical members of the North Carolina Synod, forty-one pastors and eighteen laymen. There are also 3,766 baptized members of the church, who have not been counted in the total baptized membership of 12,095, and an active membership of 7,855. In the catechumen classes 1,211 members are enrolled.

The total number of accessions to the membership of the Lutheran Church in this synod was 1,075 last year, by confirmation, 220 by certificate and fourteen by restoration. The number of infants baptized during the same year was 275, and the number of adults was forty-three.

There are sixty organized Sunday schools in the synod, and in these Sunday schools there are 759 officers and teachers, 10,919 scholars, making a total membership of 8,557.

The latest figures available in this connection show that last year the synod contributed \$701.65 to the Christian Home, United Synod in the South, located at Salem, Va.; \$112 to church extension, \$597.74 to the Theological Seminary, \$127.12 to college funds, \$43.40 to benevolent work, \$1,127.50 to synod and conference home missions, \$773.35 to United Synod home missions, \$1,602.31 to United Synod foreign missions, \$5.08 to aid missions, \$575.73 to synodical fund, and \$856.50 to other objects. The total amount contributed by the churches of the synod to benevolent work, including the contributions from the Sunday schools, was \$10,769.75 and \$55,622.61 was the total amount contributed for all purposes during the year.

The officers of the synod are the following named: president, Rev. M. M. Elward, Ph. D., D. D., of Salisbury, vice-president, Rev. E. H. Shenk, of Greensboro; secretary, Rev. Theo. C. Parker, of Salisbury; treasurer, James D. Heilig, of Salisbury.

Rev. G. D. Bernheim, D. D., of Charlotte, is the senior minister of the synod, he having spent sixty-three years in the ministry.

WILSON RETURNS TO WHITE HOUSE

[Continued From First Page.] the tariff debate to watch, in addition to the usual heavy White House routine, the President will have his hands full preparing to get away Thursday for his New Jersey speaking trip. He will cruise down the Potomac as a pleasure and uneventful, although to-day it got rather too cool for comfort. Leaving here yesterday morning, the Sylph steamed down the river, and arrived up to the historic St. Mary's landing, where she laid up for the night. The return trip began at 2 o'clock this afternoon, the change in the weather requiring plans for another night on the water.

The President, who was accompanied only by Dr. Cary Grayson, White House naval aide, his youngest daughter, Miss Eleanor, and a secret service man, gave no attention to business. He carried no official papers with him, and the Sylph's wireless was not used until late to-day, when a message was sent notifying the navy-yard of the hour of return.

The departure of the Sylph and her return were marked by the absence of the customary presidential salute. The commandant of the navy-yard had been requested to permit no demonstration of any kind.

CIRCUIT COURT ADJOURNS.

Judge Takes Appeal in Christian Case Under Adjudgment.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Amherst, Va., April 27.—Amherst Circuit Court adjourned yesterday, after a very busy session lasting three weeks. The docket was an unusually long one, and while a number of cases were disposed of, several were continued. Yesterday afternoon the case of *Christian v. Christian*, against the *Christian*, was taken up. This was an appeal from the decision of the Board of Supervisors, holding that \$350 allowed Christian by the commissioners as damages on Christian's macadam road was not sufficient. His place was sufficient. Christian claimed \$2,000 as damages. The judge took the matter under consideration for decision in vacation.

In Monday the annual May day exercises will be held at Sweet Briar College. The admirable location of the buildings at Sweet Briar and the beauty of the surrounding hills and fields make it an ideal place for holding May day celebrations, which are usually largely attended and thoroughly enjoyed.

Healish Hint for Women

Tyre's Antiseptic Powder contains no poisons. Better than pills or powders. The ideal household germicide. For wash, 25c and 50c. All druggists. Booklet and sample free.

FIVE ROSE LIVES

Two Women and Three Children Die Despite Frantic Efforts to Save Them.

San Francisco, Cal., April 27.—Two women and three children were burned to death in a fire that destroyed two frame barracks occupied by noncommissioned officers of the Sixth Infantry and their families at the Presidio here last night.

The victims were members of the family of Sergeant Schall—his wife, her mother and his three young children. Schall made a frantic effort to save his family, and when he found he was dragged from the burning building, he lost control of himself and was taken to the hospital under guard. A sentry discovered the blaze shortly before midnight. The barracks located in the west cantonment were occupied by four families. The flames swept the frame structures with the greatest rapidity, and the sentry was able to warn in time only thirty-five families. When he reached Schall's quarters they were a mass of flames. The great rapidity with which the fire spread was caused by the explosion of a quantity of gasoline in one of the barracks.

FEDERAL CONTROL EASILY ESCAPED

Dr. Friedmann Will Have Each State Institute Distinct Institution.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] New York, April 27.—The publication of a new plan of Dr. Friedrich Franz Friedmann, of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, to establish institutes for the curing of patients in the several States, and the rediscovery later that it is his intention to make each distinct in itself, caused considerable surprise on the part of the Federal observance of his tests, it was learned to-night.

Surgeon Arthur M. Stimson, of the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, who, for six weeks past, has been in charge of the observance, left hurriedly to-night to consult with his chief, Surgeon-General Rupert Blue, at Washington.

As yet the task of observation of the work at a Federal institute is unfinished. The final report may be adverse. Therefore, the action of Friedmann and his associates is a violation of medical custom. Surgeon Stimson considers this distribution of Federal jurisdiction and place the regulation of the inoculating of the Friedmann vaccine in the hands of the State authorities.

Surgeon Stimson, it is said, also learned that Dr. Friedmann plans to avoid interstate transportation of his discovery. Laboratories will be established at the several institutes, where the vaccine will be manufactured.

It is stated, however, on behalf of Dr. Friedmann, that he has decided to manufacture the vaccine at the different institutes solely because he believes that the fresh-made product is more beneficial to the patients.

"Monday night at 6 P. M.," said Dr. Friedmann, "I will make an announcement of the establishment of the institutes. To-day I visited patients at Mount Airy Hospital. On Tuesday I go to Canada to see others, but an announcement of importance will come to-morrow."

It is understood that Dr. Friedmann's associates have agreed to pay him \$125,000 cash, and give him an interest in the different institutes that will net him \$1,000,000 in a very short time. Already more than 25,000 letters from tuberculosis patients willing to try his tests on chance of deriving some benefit have been received.

LECTURES BY DR. SARGENT.

Institute of Ministerial Students at Elton College.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Elton College, N. C., April 27.—The third institute for ministerial students for the present session will begin on Monday, and the speaker will be the Rev. W. A. D. D., whose theme will be "The Revelation." The speakers have been Dr. J. J. Summerbell, of Dayton, O., who has since died, and Dr. W. S. Long, of Chapel Hill, N. C.

Dr. Sargent is pastor of the largest and most influential church of Providence, R. I., and is also secretary for education of the American Christian Movement, an organization to this country, he held responsible churches in Canada, being pastor of one of the oldest churches of Toronto just before coming to Providence.

NEW AMBASSADOR NOW IN COUNTRY

Sir Cecil Arthur Spring-Rice Arrives to Take Up New Duties.

New York, April 27.—Sir Cecil Arthur Spring-Rice, K. C. M. G., the new British ambassador to the United States, arrived in New York to-day aboard the steamer *Carmania*. The new ambassador was met at the pier by Lord Curzon, Walter Rensselaer, British consul-general in New York; Sir M. Robinson, vice-consul, and L. David Campbell and Clark Kerr, attaches of the British embassy at Washington. Monday is the customary day for the officials. Sir Cecil's baggage was unloaded and he went from the pier to the home of Lawrence Godkin, where he was a guest at luncheon.

Sir Cecil said that he would meet Lord Curzon at the latter's home in former Ambassador Bryce to-morrow before the latter's departure for San Francisco. The ambassador plans to leave for Washington on Tuesday. Lady Spring-Rice will come to America within the next few weeks, he said.

IN CRITICAL CONDITION. Bride Dances Too Much During Wedding Festivities.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Beaver Falls, Pa., April 27.—Mrs. John Kuzius, a bride of three days, is in a critical condition, and may die as a result of dancing too much during her wedding festivities. The Polish custom of dancing with the bride for \$1 a dance is responsible. During the 23rd dance, with 253 silver dollars collapsed.

"ABIDE WITH ME" A Sacred Duet Sung By

ALMA GLUCK and LOUISE HOMER

(Soprano) (Contralto)

IN THE OLD TUNE, WITH A MASTERLY BLENDING OF THEIR MARVELOUSLY EXPRESSIVE VOICES, Is the Latest VICTOR RECORD, and is Offered

To-day for the First Time---You Should Have it

The Corley Company

"The House That Made Richmond Musical," Successors Cable Piano Co.

POWERS AGAIN ARE OUTWITTED BY MONTENEGRO

(Continued From First Page.)

have been terrible. Bread was 5 shillings a pound; cheese fetched any price. Towards the end of the siege bread made of sawdust was eaten by many of the persons. Wine and coffee remained plentiful to the end, but the milk was scarce, and at times could not be had during the last two months. I am told that many horses were eaten. The plight of the poorest people was fearful. Some ate grass, while others seized upon any filthy rubbish so long as it would fill the stomach.

"I did not have time to hear all of the stories of horror, but during the last ten hours I have had only the memory of skeleton faces of people suffling along in clothes hanging loosely on their bones. Almost 300 people died of starvation. Two thousand and wounded are now in the hospitals."

"Essad Pasha's garrison had just one day's food supply when surrendered. The Bardschijet garrison of two battalions of skeleton faces of people left at the time."

"The damage done to the town by the bombardment is tremendous. The destruction to the Roman Catholic church is terrible. Bombs have riddled the roof, smashing everything in the interior."

"The inhabitants of the town are beginning to show signs of enthusiasm for the manner in which the captors are treating them."

"The Montenegrin occupation of Scutari is now complete. All offices have been filled with Montenegrins. The Russian consuls have received orders from St. Petersburg to recognize the new government of the city. The town is well patrolled, but has been absolutely tranquil since the surrender."

Ban Placed on News.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] Rome, April 27.—The Italian government has placed a strict ban upon all news dispatches in reference to demonstrations over the Montenegrin victory, which have occurred in this country since the fall of Scutari. No information pertaining to these affairs, which have occurred in many parts of Italy, are permitted to be recognized by the telegraph lines. A large body of students in Rome displayed marked enthusiasm over the Montenegrin victory, and addressed Queen Helena as the daughter of King Nicholas.

While a majority of the people possess a strong bond of sympathy for the Montenegrins, due to sentiment, tradition and a common bond of nationality, the Italian government is obliged to stand by Austria under the agreement of the triple alliance. This places the royal family in a very embarrassing position, as they are closely connected with King Nicholas.

DEATH OF ARMY OFFICER

Colonel Charles St. J. Chubb Dies Suddenly at Camp Crockett.

Galveston, Texas, April 27.—Colonel Charles St. J. Chubb, United States Army, died suddenly to-day at Camp Crockett of heart failure. Colonel Chubb was born in the District of Columbia, September 23, 1854. He entered the army in 1875 and served in several Indian campaigns and the Spanish-American War. Recently he was president of the Infantry Examination Board, at Washington.

BEDLAM ON HYDE PARK

Suffragettes Try to Hold Meeting, and Are Mailed.

London, April 27.—Hyde Park was again turned into a bedlam by the suffragettes and their opponents this afternoon. The women, declining to recognize the police order that no suffragette meetings were to be held in the park, appeared with a wagonette and proceeded to address a small crowd. Immediately youths commenced to gather, and an attempt was made to drag the wagonette to the Serpentine for the purpose of ducking the women. Mounted and foot police intervened just in time to save them, and the suffragettes were escorted from the park, followed by a jeering crowd, who belted them with turf and street refuse after they entered a cab.

Men supporters of the cause were similarly treated, the crowd refusing to admit any suffragette meeting, militant or otherwise.

The Perthshire cricket pavilion at Perth, together with a collection of valuable photographs, records and other material, was destroyed by fire to-day. Suffragettes are suspected, although nothing of an incriminating nature has been found.

GENERAL FIGHT IN CHURCH

Trouble Follows Dispute Over Taking of Collection.

Uniontown, Pa., April 27.—In a dispute over which faction should take up the collection at Greek Easter services in a local foreign church, twenty-five persons were cut and bruised, several fatally, to-night during a free fight for all battle. The police avoided the trouble, and several arrests were made.

Miners Will Return to Work.

Charleston, W. Va., April 27.—Miners of the Paint and Cabin Creek Districts of West Virginia, where a strike has been in progress over a year, are expected to return to work to-morrow under a proposal submitted by Governor Hatfield. Thomas C. Cairns, president of District 17, United Mine Workers of America, stated to-night that he would send his officials into the strike field to-morrow with instructions to advise all the men to return to work.

PEACE ADVOCATES MEET THIS WEEK

Four Matters of World-Wide Importance to Be Considered at Annual Conference.

St. Louis, April 27.—Four matters of world-wide importance will be considered at the fourth American Peace Conference, which will begin in St. Louis Thursday, May 1. They are: A world court of arbitration. Limitation of armaments. Anglo-American peace centenary.

Panama Canal treaty dispute.

"We are trying to have the Congress influence the program of the next Hague conference in 1915, and crystallize American sentiment in reference to that project," Prof. Manly O. Hudson, of the University of Missouri, and chairman of the Congress program committee has announced.

"In 1907 The Hague conference agreed on an international court, but was unable to agree on its composition. It is probable a scheme will be agreed on at this congress which will be adopted at the next Hague conference assuming for all times a world court, applying world law."

William J. Bryan, Secretary of State, will make two addresses if he returns from California in time. He is expected to make important announcements in regard to the administration's attitude on the Panama Canal controversy with England.

ARREST EIGHT CHINAMEN

Police Raid House in North First Street and Capture "Chinatown."

Eight Chinamen were arrested this morning about 2 o'clock, when a house at 323 North First Street was raided by Patrolmen Carter, Howell, Porter and Jennings. They are alleged to have been having a free-for-all fight when the police entered the place. Sam Lee was charged with maintaining an objectionable resort. Those found in the place gave their names as follows: Wu Wing, John Tong, Wu Young, Wu King, Wu Lem, Wu On and Wu Sing. They were charged with disorderly conduct.

TRIALS SET FOR TO-DAY

Members of West Virginia Legislature Charged With Accepting Bribes.

Charleston, W. Va., April 27.—The trial of seven members of the West Virginia Legislature, charged with accepting bribes in connection with the campaign of William Seymour Edwards for United States Senator last February, is set for to-morrow in the Kanawha County Intermediate Court. Those under indictment are Senator R. A. Smith and delegates H. R. Ashbury, George F. Smith, J. Smith, David E. Hill, S. U. G. Rhodes and Rath Duff.

SESSION EXTENDED

Crowded Court Docket Makes Extra Work Necessary.

Washington, April 27.—An extra week's session was decided upon to-day by the Supreme Court because of the crowded court docket. It was further stated that the court might keep up its system of extended sessions for a number of years in an effort to keep up with the mass